

declaring that the cent a yard for that or similar processes provided in the bill was in excess of the duty of importation. Mr. Doolittle, who was the mercantile process required by the bill, said that the bill was the cotton for which the Senator from South Carolina had so strenuously worked for a tariff duty. Mr. Doolittle said that he had no desire to have a duty on Sen. Doolittle. He added he was enjoying the Senator from South Carolina, but that he did not want him to throw them at him.

"I thought I was throwing him a bouquet," responded Mr. Doolittle. Again discussing the mercantile process of cotton, Mr. Doolittle interrupted to say the cotton lost something in the process.

"Yes," replied Mr. Doolittle, "the process of mercantile is like washing your hands—of course, you lose a little in the process. After the cotton had died out, Mr. Doolittle resumed his discussion of the bill, declaring that he did not hold the members of the Finance Committee responsible for it, as they had been forced to hire merchants to explain the bill to them.

Mr. Bailey declared that there is no schedule in the tariff which exempts the goods and services of the entire protective system so well as the woolen schedules. In reply to a question by Mr. Money, South Carolina, he declared that within twenty years the representatives of the South in the Senate will be voting with the Republicans for protection.

Reading the Bill. The reading of the tariff bill for the adoption of amendments passed over when the measure was first read was resumed today, having been displaced since April 23 by speeches of Senators who have discussed the tariff measure. An active interest was shown throughout the Senate.

There was a discussion on the method by which the amendments would be disposed of, and Mr. Aldrich agreed that any amendment, whether it had been passed over or not, might be amended without the formality of a motion to reconsider.

Amendments on lead ore and lead products, from which paint is manufactured, called forth a storm of criticism.

The vote on orange mineral was regarded as a test vote on the duties on lead ore and its products up to the rates of the Dingley bill, and by a vote of 41 to 35 the rate proposed by the committee, 10 cents per pound, instead of the House rate of 2-3 cents per pound, was agreed to.

WRIGHT BROTHERS SAIL

Their Presence in London Was the Sensation of the Week.

LONDON, May 5.—Willbur and Orville Wright, who were on their way to-day on the steamer Kronprinzessin Cecilie for New York. A large gathering of members of the Aero Club and the American aviators farewell from London.

The presence of the Wright brothers in London has been the sensation of the week, and was one of the chief topics of the newspapers. They have been full of their doings and they have been besieged with invitations to the public and the dignitaries of other nations.

The public meetings which were held in London in the matter of the Wright brothers, and the effect of aeroplanes have had their effect, and the Wright brothers have been the subject of the newspapers.

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Nearly two-thirds of the territory of the United States and nearly one-half of the people are now under some prohibition protection.

Eight States have "gone dry." If you believe in a "dry state" you'll appreciate our new Raincoats.

Featherweight garments that add style and insure protection—\$15 to \$35. Come in and see them.

Berry's & Co.
MEN & BOYS' OUTFITTERS

AMUSEMENTS

Academy—"The Circus Girl."
Bijou "Tennessee Toss."
Lubin—Continuous Vaudeville.

Louis James To-morrow.
Louis James comes to the Academy to-morrow night, Saturday and Sunday matinee, in "Peer Gyn." The play in which Richard Mansfield scored a great triumph. The supporting company is said to be one of the best ever seen from New York, and the engagement here is expected to draw a large audience to each performance.

"Prince Karl" Next.
Following "The Circus Girl" at the Academy, the Page players will be seen in a presentation of "Prince Karl," a comedy from the pen of the late Archibald Claverling Guntier, of "Mr. Barnes of New York" and "Mr. Potter of Texas" fame.

Dog and Pony Show.
Beverly White, formerly of this city, and now advance agent of the Gentry Dog and Pony Show, is in the city arranging for the two performances which will be given here on May 14.

MORE RIOTING
Bakers Attack Wagon and Throw Non-Union Bread Into Street.

NEW YORK, May 5.—Rioting broke out again to-day in connection with the strike of the Eastside bakers, a mob attacking a wagon belonging to Jacob Beck, head of the Master Bakers' Association. The driver was dragged from his seat and the bread in the wagon, found not to bear the union label, was thrown into the muddy street and trampled upon by the angry crowd. There were no arrests.

Later a mob of more than 100 men attacked a bakery at 148 Forsyth Street, where ten non-union bakers were working. A policeman who blocked the door by clubbing the crowd was faring badly when he drew his revolver and threatened to shoot. This and the timely arrival of reserves checked the mob. Sixteen were arrested.

FORTUNE TO CHURCHES
Retired Merchant Wants Masses for Victims of "Diabolical Machines."

PARIS, May 5.—M. Gilbert, a retired merchant, whose declining years have been made miserable by speeding automobiles, has bequeathed his entire fortune to churches in certain French cities for masses for the repose of the souls of the victims of the diabolical machines which have poisoned his last days.

JAPANESE SEALERS
Will Be Protected in Behring Sea by Government Cruisers.

VICTORIA, B. C., May 5.—Japanese warships may be sent to the Behring Sea to protect Japanese sealers, which flock to the Behring Sea in great numbers each year.

This news came in a personal letter received to-day from Tokyo. The request for the sending of Japanese warships is made by the sealing interests.

NO DATE FIXED
Reports State, However, That Chancellor Von Buelow Will Retire.

BERLIN, May 5.—Semi-official circles, although not denying Chancellor Von Buelow is considering the question of resigning in event of the prospects for the passage of finance reforms being hopeless, say that the chancellor has not fixed a definite date when he proposes to retire.

CABLE DISPUTE ENDED
Venezuela Gets Coast Lines In Return for Monopoly Grant.

CARACAS, May 5.—After many weeks of daily conferences between Desiro Brun, the representative of the French Cable Company, and the Minister of Fomento of Venezuela, General Carabano, a new contract has been framed which, with few changes, probably will be approved by President Gomez and his Cabinet.

According to the new contract, the cable company will cede to the Venezuelan government, as indemnity for the alleged complicity in the Matos rebellion and as payment for the new monopoly, all the coast cables belonging to the company. These connect all the principal coast cities from Maracaibo on the west to the island of Margarita on the east. The cable company held out for a long time for payment by the Venezuelan government of a sum of money in part payment for these cable lines, but at last it had to yield this point.

The contract gives the French Cable Company a monopoly of cable communication with the outside world for twenty years. Last week negotiations were on the point of being broken off because Mr. Brun insisted on the insertion of a clause to the effect that in case the government decided to grant a franchise for wireless telegraphy, preference should be given to his company to install and manage the same. The representative of the cable company realized that their contract might be rendered useless by the construction of a wireless line and demanded that they be protected in this way. Although General Carabano held out against this, it is understood that the two parties finally yielded the point for the sake of closing the deal and getting this long dispute cleared up.

The Circuit Court of First Instance has rendered a judgment against the company for \$5,000,000 damages for complicity in the Matos rebellion. The case has been appealed to the High Federal Court, where it is now pending. This appeal will be disposed of by the dispute between Castro and the French Cable Company was the direct cause of the break in diplomatic relations between the two countries and the exclusion of M. Taigny, the French minister, from Venezuelan territory. The French government has announced that as long as the cable company will be willing to renew diplomatic relations, it will renew diplomatic relations.

JURY IS SECURED
Will Try James Boyle for the Abduction of Willie Whittle.

MERCER, PA., May 5.—James H. Boyle, charged with the abduction of Willie Whittle, of Sharon, Pa., was placed on trial to-day at Mercer. Boyle was held for the day one hour later, after a jury had been selected temporarily.

Little difficulty was experienced in securing the jury. Each man was closely questioned, and only twenty-seven were examined before the jury was selected. It was believed the trial can be concluded before the end of the present week.

The prosecution to-day secured the following statement:

"On the 4th day of February, 1905, I united in the bonds of matrimony Edward Shaeffer and Anna McDermott in this city in the presence of John Butler and Mary Middleman, dispensation of differing religions having been obtained.

"G. A. GONZALEZ, S. J." "I certify that the above abstract is correct." "W. J. PETERS, S. J." "Rev. Father Gonzalez is now stationed at Toledo, Ohio, and is in the prosecution, made an effort to have him come here to-day to try to identify Mrs. Boyle as the woman he has united in marriage to, but he positively declined to come.

Believing that they could show that Mrs. Boyle is not legally married, James H. Boyle's wife would grant the request of the defense. It is expected that his decision will be rendered to-morrow morning.

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Mr. Toomer stated that the government would contend that nine out of the twelve specifications in the indictment had been proven. He said it was true that no evidence was in the case in support of the other three specifications.

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The attorney-general to-day produced in court what he said was the original manuscript of the combined oath and by-laws of the night riders. Witnesses for the State testified that the oath and by-laws to which they subscribed when joining the organization were similar, if not identical.

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Miss Crozman Wants Suffragists to Butte Down Her Way to the Ballot.

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